Part III - Conclusion Paper Checklist

Use this checklist to ensure that your paper is submitted your Conclusion Paper correctly

Your File

Your paper for this assignment may vary in length. The first page in your file will be the Title Page, then you will write the Introduction Paragraph, the summaries of each article's contribution to answering your question, and then the Summary Paragraph. You will then insert a page break and write your References page on a new page (the last page of your document.)

Your submission is a single document, not two separate documents, submitted to the Part III Drop Box.

Your submission is in either Microsoft Word format (.doc or .docx) or has been converted to Portable Document File format (.pdf – this is the PREFERABLE way to submit ALL assignments into Blackboard.)

Your Title Page

Running header at the top of the page (best done using the Header tool in MS Word) which contains the title of the paper with left justification and the page number with right justification.

Your name

Title of your paper (this should be your approved Research Question)

Title of this assignment (this should be "Research Project Part III – Your Research Question in the form of a Question (not in italics)"

The name of the college (Kennebec Valley Community College)

The course number and name of the class (ex: PSY 101: Introduction to Psychology)

Your professor's name and academic rank (ex: Wendy St. Pierre, MSW Ph.D.)

First letter of any major words in your Research Question are capitalized.

Title page and entire document is double-spaced.

All the information on the Title Page is centered and vertical.

Do not use any alternative formatting built into your word processor...this should be a pretty boring looking page!

Use Times New Roman 12 pt. font. No use of bold, italics, underlined, or alternative fonts.

Do not include pictures

Introduction Paragraph

Beginning on the second page of the document, you need to write a paragraph introducing your reader to the topic. The best way to do this is to begin the paragraph from a general perspective (the context and motivation for asking the question) and then discuss the

connection to and importance of the question. The final statement in this Introduction is usually a call to attention as to what the paper is about. This is called the "Thesis Statement". Research papers never include opinions or general statements without backing them up. So even in your Introduction you need to include in-text citations to back up your statements. By doing so you avoid plagiarism (which is writing something down that someone else said or wrote without giving them credit – even if you have put it in your own words.)

Here is a link about quoting, paraphrasing, and summarizing. https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/563/01/

Checklist for Introduction Paragraph

As a general rule, paragraphs are five to seven sentences long.

Introduction is clear and adequately moves from general statements to a statement of the Research Question (thesis).

The Introduction makes it clear who the intended audience is for this paper.

In-text citations (if any) are formatted using APA Format.

Article Summaries

In this next section, you are to provide summaries of the findings that you have made in your articles that RELATE SPECIFIC TO YOUR RESEARCH QUESTION.

We are not looking for you to summarize the whole article (the included Abstract does that). What you are to summarize is the information from your article that relates to your question.

Here are some links on sentence structure and formatting

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/606/02/https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/606/01/

Summaries are clearly written.

Summaries focus on data and statements that are clearly connected to the Research Question and provide insight on the proposed answers to the Research Question. In-text citations are formatted using APA Format.

At least three different summaries of three different peer reviewed articles are included.

Conclusion Paragraph

In the Conclusion Paragraph you need to help your reader contextualize what they have read into the context that you presented in your Introduction.

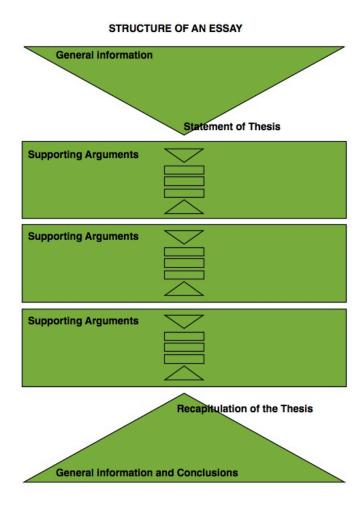
You start this paragraph by restating what the purpose of the paper was...a restatement of your Research Question (Thesis).

At this point you provide the reader with an overall summary of the findings of all of our articles and sources in a manner that ties them together, illuminates discrepancies and varied findings, and draws the reader to a conclusion.

You can then make a conclusive statement as to what the articles support in terms of answering the question.

At this point you should include some additional writing to contextualize the answer(s) to your question into the larger domain and/or audience that you included in your Introduction.

Below is a graphic that sort of represents the entire content of a Research Paper.



Conclusion Paragraph Checklist

Opening statements are general and move toward a specific thesis and a direct statement of the Research Question.

Statements of fact are supported by in-text citations that align with the resources found in the References section.

Each resource is represented and interconnected within the context of the summaries. In-text citations are formatted in APA Format.

Conclusions drawn by the author or stated clearly and supported by the facts and information reported in the articles.

The Conclusion draws the reader out of the specifics of the question and connects the importance of the research back to the context that was presented in the Introduction Paragraph.

References Page

On this page, you are going to list the three articles (minimum) that you have found to support your Research Question (they may have changed since your Part II assignment.)

Make sure that your sources explore different aspects of the question, including opposing viewpoints if you have found those.

The title "References" (without quotes) is at the top of in this page. Centered and in Bold font.

References are listed in alphabetical order by the last name of the first author.

References are double spaced with no extra spaces in-between each one.

References paragraph format is hanging-indent.

- Hanging indents on a Mac https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YQ0zMcFHo2Y
- Hanging indents on a Windows PC https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p1uldzDBu8k

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No bullets or numbers outlining the references.

APA Format of References Checklist

EBSCO can help with APA citations. When you open the peer reviewed article in EBSCO you will see the word "Cite". Click the Cite link and scroll down to select APA. Copy and paste this into your paper and change it to hanging-indent paragraph format. (However, you still need to do the following checks to be sure that your citations are truly in APA Format).

Some articles come with a Digital Object Identifier (doi) number. You can include this in your citation.

Junco, R., Merson, D., & Salter, D. W. (2010). The effect of gender, ethnicity, and income on college students' use of communication technologies. *CyberPsychology, Behavior & Social Networking*, 13(6), 619-627. doi:10.1089/cyber.2009.0357

Only the initials of the first and middle names of authors are used. There is also a space between the initials.

Junco, R., Merson, D., & Salter, D. W. (2010). The effect of gender, ethnicity, and income on college students' use of communication technologies. *CyberPsychology, Behavior & Social Networking*, 13(6), 619-627.

The title of the article is all lower case except for the first word.

Junco, R., Merson, D., & Salter, D. W. (2010). The effect of gender, ethnicity, and income on college students' use of communication technologies. *CyberPsychology, Behavior & Social Networking*, 13(6), 619-627.

The name of the journal and volume number are formatted with italics.

Junco, R., Merson, D., & Salter, D. W. (2010). The effect of gender, ethnicity, and income on college students' use of communication technologies. *CyberPsychology, Behavior & Social Networking*, 13(6), 619-627.

Issue numbers are formatted inside parenthesis and are not italics.

unco, R., Merson, D., & Salter, D. W. (2010). The effect of gender, ethnicity, and income on college students' use of communication technologies. *CyberPsychology, Behavior & Social Networking*, 13(6), 619-627.

Paging is given as a range (e.g. 45-56) without using p. or pp.

Junco, R., Merson, D., & Salter, D. W. (2010). The effect of gender, ethnicity, and income on college students' use of communication technologies. *CyberPsychology, Behavior & Social Networking*, 13(6), 619-627.

If your article has multiple authors, feel free to explore the details on the OWL website.

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/560/06/

If you have used a website for one of your sources you need be ensure that the website is credible and peer reviewed. It is NOT recommended that you use ANY websites for this project.

To cite a website that you may have used (in addition to the three Peer Reviewed Articles) you still need to cite those articles in your References.

- http://blog.apastyle.org/apastyle/2010/11/how-to-cite-something-you-foundon-a-website-in-apa-style.html?_ga=1.141965874.1870025270.1468853564
 Citing websites with no author
 - http://www.apastyle.org/learn/faqs/cite-website-material.aspx

Access your Instructor's Feedback

The Proposal Quiz serves as a communication tool for you to access feedback from your instructor to refine your question and your research. It is vital that you check your grades and feedback on this quiz prior to moving forward with Parts 2 and 3.

You must achieve a score of 100 on this quiz for your topic and selected articles to be "approved". You will be asked to continue to retake this quiz, answering each question again (so save your answers) until you score a 100.

To access your grades and feedback execute the following steps (this applies to all aspects of Blackboard grades and feedback).

- 1. Log into your course.
- 2. Go to "My Grades" in the left menu
- 3. Click on the WORDS "Research Project Part III" (you should see your numerical grade for this quiz.)
- 4. Click on the number itself, the grade.
- 5. At this point you should see your submission and any comments your instructor has left for you.
- 6. If you have submitted multiple tries at this quiz, you should see each of your subsequent grades and you can click on each one to see the different feedback you got on each submission.